

Percentage**Lecture sheet – 9****Creative Question****Profit & Loss****Solution**

1. a) Given,

Cost price = 1600 tk

Loss % = 20 %

We know,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Selling Price} &= \left[\frac{(100 - \text{loss}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{(100 - 20)}{100} \times 1600 \right] \text{ tk} \\ &= \left(\frac{80 \times 1600}{100} \right) \text{ tk} \\ &= 1280 \text{ tk}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 1280 tk

b) Given,

Cost price = 1600 tk

Profit % = 20 %

We know,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Selling Price} &= \left[\frac{(100 + \text{Profit}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{(100 + 20)}{100} \times 1600 \right] \text{ tk} \\ &= \left(\frac{120 \times 1600}{100} \right) \text{ tk} \\ &= 1920 \text{ tk.}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 1920 tk.

2. a) Given,

$$\text{Selling Price} = 1280 \text{ tk}$$

$$\text{Loss \%} = 20\%$$

We know,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cost price} &= \left[\frac{100}{(100 - \text{Loss}\%)} \times \text{selling price} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{100}{(100 - 20)} \times 1280 \right] \text{ tk} \\ &= \left(\frac{100 \times 1280}{100} \right) \text{ tk} \\ &= 1600 \text{ tk}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 1600 tk

b) Given,

$$\text{Selling price} = 1520 \text{ tk}$$

$$\text{From 'a' we get, cost price} = 1600 \text{ tk}$$

$$\text{Loss} = \text{Cost price} - \text{Selling price}$$

$$= (1600 - 1520) \text{ tk}$$

$$= 80 \text{ tk}$$

We know,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Loss \%} &= \frac{\text{Loss}}{\text{Cost price}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{80}{1600} \times 100\% \\ &= 5\%\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 5 %

3. a) Given,

$$\text{Cost price} = 20 \text{ Taka}$$

$$\text{Selling price} = 25 \text{ Taka}$$

$$\therefore \text{Profit} = (25 - 20) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 5 \text{ Taka}$$

We know,

$$\text{Profit\%} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Cost price}} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{5}{20} \times 100\%$$

$$=25\%$$

Ans: 25%

b) Given,

Cost price = 20 Taka

Profit % = 10%

We know,

$$\text{Selling Price} = \left[\frac{(100 + \text{Profit}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{(100 + 10)}{100} \times 20 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{110 \times 20}{100} \right) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 22 \text{ Taka}$$

Ans: 22 Taka.

4. a) Given,

Cost price = 1200 Taka

Profit% = 10%

We know,

$$\text{Selling Price} = \left[\frac{(100 + \text{Profit}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{(100 + 10)}{100} \times 1200 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{110 \times 1200}{100} \right) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 1320 \text{ Taka}$$

Ans: 1320 Taka.

b) Given,

$$\text{Cost price} = 1200 \text{ Taka}$$

$$\text{Profit \%} = 15\%$$

We know,

$$\text{Selling Price} = \left[\frac{(100 + \text{Profit}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{(100 + 15)}{100} \times 1200 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{115 \times 1200}{100} \right) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 1380 \text{ Taka}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Selling price will be more} &= (1380 - 1320) \text{ Taka} \\ &= 60 \text{ Taka} \end{aligned}$$

Ans: 60 Taka.

5.a) Here, $20\% = \frac{20}{100} = \frac{1}{5}$

Ans: $\frac{1}{5}$

b) Given,

$$\text{Cost price} = 1800 \text{ Taka}$$

$$\text{Loss\%} = 20\%$$

We know,

$$\text{Selling Price} = \left[\frac{(100 - \text{Loss}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{(100 - 20)}{100} \times 1800 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{80 \times 1800}{100} \right) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 1440 \text{ Taka}$$

Ans: 1440 Taka.

c) Given,

Cost price = 1800 Taka

Profit% = 10%

We know,

$$\text{Selling Price} = \left[\frac{(100 + \text{Profit}\%)}{100} \times \text{Cost price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{(100 + 10)}{100} \times 1800 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{110 \times 1800}{100} \right) \text{ Taka}$$

$$= 1980 \text{ Taka}$$

Ans: 1980 Taka.

6.a) Given,

Total students = 60 persons

Girl students = 35%

∴ Number of girl students = 35% of 60

$$= \frac{35}{100} \times 60$$

$$= 21$$

Ans: 21 students.

b) Given,

Total students = 80 persons

Girl students = 35%

∴ Number of girl students = 35% of 80

$$= \frac{35}{100} \times 80$$

$$= 28$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{Number of boy students} &= (80 - 28) \text{ persons} \\ &= 52 \text{ persons}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 52 boy students.

c) Total number of students = 60

$$\therefore 15\% \text{ of } 60 = \frac{15}{100} \times 60$$

$$= 9$$

Ans: 9 students failed in Mathematics.

d) Total students = 60 persons

Absent students = 55%

$$\therefore \text{Number of absent students} = 55\% \text{ of } 60$$

$$= \frac{55}{100} \times 60$$

$$= 33$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{Number of present students} &= (60 - 33) \text{ persons} \\ &= 27 \text{ persons}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 27 persons.

7. a) Let, cost price = 100 taka

$$\begin{aligned}\text{For } 12\% \text{ discount, Selling price will be} &= (100 - 12) \text{ Taka} \\ &= 88 \text{ Taka}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 88 Taka.

b) Given,

Selling price = 7040 Taka

Loss% = 12%

We know,

$$\text{Cost price} = \left[\frac{100}{(100 - \text{Loss}\%)} \times \text{selling price} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{100}{(100 - 12)} \times 7040 \right] \text{ Taka}$$

$$= \left(\frac{100 \times 7040}{88} \right) \text{ taka}$$

$$= 8000 \text{ Taka}$$

Ans: 8000 Taka.

c) From 'b' we get, cost price of a table = 8000 taka

According to the question,

Cost price of a table = Cost price of 5 chairs = 8000 Taka

Now,

Cost price of 5 chairs = 8000 Taka

“ “ “ 1 “ = (8000 ÷ 5) Taka

= 1600 Taka

Given,

Selling price of 1 chair = 2215 Taka

∴ Profit per chair = (2215 - 1600) Taka

= 615 Taka

Ans: 615 Taka.

